Amendments to the Claims

1. (previously presented) An identification tag, comprising: 1 2 a microcircuit, further comprising: 3 an optical transceiver; 4 a radio transceiver; 5 a memory storing an identification code connected to the 6 optical transceiver and the radio transceiver; means for operating at least one of the transceivers in receive 7 mode while operating at least one of the transceivers in transmit mode; and 8 9 means for transmitting the identification code by the transceiver 10 operating in the transmit mode in response to receiving a predetermined 11 signal by the transceiver operating in the receive mode. 1 2. (original) The identification tag of claim 1, in which the optical transceiver includes a single photodiode configured to transmit and receive 2 light signals. 3 3. (original) The identification tag of claim 1, in which the radio transceiver 1 2 includes an antenna formed as an induction coil. 4. (original) The identification tag of claim 3, in which the induction coil 1 2 acquires power for the optical transceiver. 5. (original) The identification tag of claim 4, further comprising: 1 2 means for storing the power.

- 1 6. (original) The identification tag of claim 1, in which the identification
- 2 code includes one or more dates.
- 1 7. (original) The identification tag of claim 1, in which the received signal is
- 2 a light signal, and the transmitted signal is a radio signal.
- 8. (original) The identification tag of claim 1, in which the received signal is
- 2 a radio signal.
- 1 9. (original) The identification tag of claim 1, further comprising:
- 2 means for operating at least one of the transceivers in receive mode
- 3 and transmit mode while operating the other transceivers in transmit mode.
- 1 10. (original) The identification tag of claim 1, further comprising:
- 2 means for operating at least one of the transceivers in receive mode
- 3 and transmit mode while operating the other transceivers in receive mode.
- 1 11. (original) The identification tag of claim 1, further comprising:
- 2 means for operating at least one of the transceivers in receive mode
- 3 and transmit mode while operating the other transceivers in receive mode
- 4 and transmit mode.
- 1 12. (original) The identification tag of claim 1, further comprising:
- 2 means for synchronizing the transmitting and receiving according to
- 3 receiving light.

13. (previously presented) The identification tag of claim 1, in which the 1 2 optical transceiver is omni-directional. 14. (previously presented) The identification tag of claim 1, in which the 1 2 optical transceiver is narrow beam. 1 15. (previously presented) An identification method, comprising: storing an identification code in a memory connected to an optical 2 3 transceiver and an radio transceiver; operating at least one of the transceivers in receive mode while 4 operating at least one of the transceivers in transmit mode; and 5 6 transmitting the identification code by the transceiver operating in the 7 transmit mode in response to receiving a predetermined signal by the 8 transceiver operating in the receive mode. 16. (previously presented) An identification tag comprising: 1 2 a microcircuit, further comprising: 3 a memory storing an identification code; an optical transceiver for receiving a predetermined optical 4 5 signal; and 6 a radio transceiver for transmitting the identification code

stored in the memory when receiving the predetermined optical signal by the

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optical transceiver.

17. (previously presented) An identification tag of claim 16, wherein the 1 optical transceiver transmits an optical signal, the radio transceiver receives 2 3 a radio signal, further comprising: means for operating at least one of the transceivers in receive mode 4 5 while operating at least one of the transceivers in transmit mode; and 6 means for transmitting the identification code by the transceivers 7 operating in the transmit mode in response to receiving a predetermined 8 signal by the transceivers operating in the receive mode. 1 18. (previously presented) An identification method, comprising: receiving a predetermined optical signal at an optical communication 2 transceiver in an identification tag; and 3 4 transmitting an identification code stored in memory by a radio communication transceiver when receiving the predetermined optical signal 5 6 by the optical communication transceiver. 19. (previously presented) An identification method of claim 18, further 1 2 comprising: 3 operating at least one of the communication transceivers in receive mode while operating at least one of the communication transceivers in 4 transmit mode; and 5 6 transmitting the identification code by the communication transceiver 7 operating in the transmit mode in response to receiving a predetermined 8 signal by the communication transceiver operating in the receive mode.

20. (canceled)